

ADM. SCHLEY delights in telling how he was once an amateur aeronaut. As a boy he visited a Maryland county fair, ascended in a balloon which rose 80 feet in the air, was wrecked and let its occupants fall into an apple tree. All were more or less hurt except Schley, who escaped with a few contusions.

SECRETARY GAGE has introduced into his department a custom which he first inaugurated in a Chicago bank. This is to have luncheon served in the building, so that all the clerks can meet each day at table and discuss the affairs of the office. These gatherings are called "Mr. Gage's cabinet meetings."

IN 1891 the death rate in Russia rose from 32.7 to 38.2 per 1,000, or, expressing the same facts in absolute figures, the number of deaths attributed directly to the famine was 656,000. If the famine of 1899 is to leave these figures far behind, says a London exchange, there can be no question of its terrible intensity.

THE Berlin correspondent of the London Standard telegraphs: "The engineering committee of the army has received a report on the recent experiments with liquid air for blasting purposes carried out in a foreign country. They are stated to foreshadow a complete revolution in the application of explosives."

CHARLES BURKOWITZ, a blind beggar of New York, who for a long time has frequented the shopping district of the metropolis and who was arrested the other day for insulting a lady who refused to give to him, is said to be the owner of two townships, each valued at \$25,000, and to have large sums of money in several of the savings banks of the city.

SIBERIA is not the land buried in snow and peopled with exiles only that it is imagined to be, even by many Russians. In its southern parts it is as rich in natural productions as are the southern parts of Canada, and besides 500,000 of natives it has a population of more than 4,000,000 as thoroughly Russian as that to the north of Moscow.

PROF. RUDOLPH VIRCHOW delivered an important address before the tuberculosis congress, rejecting the theory of hereditary tuberculosis. This doctrine, he declared, was contradicted by all his pathological researches. He said he had never found tuberculosis in unborn or new-born infants, though it might be contracted during the first day's existence.

THE automobile is a successor to the horse and wagon, and will eventually banish the horse from the streets. In the process of evolution, and the certain cheapening of cost, it will yet be convenient and economical for men in fairly well to do circumstances to buy automobiles, and when they come into general use of course street railway traffic will be diminished.

CRATER bathing is a leading sport in Mexico and California, where volcanic baths are frequently taken on account of their recuperative and invigorating properties. The bathers do not plunge into either hot water or lava, as neither exist in the craters used for baths, nor do any flames or sulphurous vapors arise from the hollows. The substance into which the volcano bather lowers himself is ice-cold mud, of the consistency of freshly mixed mortar.

ACCORDING to a foreign exchange recent experiments carried out at the machine works of Offenbach, show that with the proper appliances it is possible to stop even a large fly wheel within a fraction of a second. By means of two brakes affixed to the fly wheel of 150 horse power, making 80 revolutions per minute, the "whole of the machinery was brought to a standstill in less than a second after the fly wheel had accomplished one quarter of a revolution."

THE Chinese Almanac is the most largely circulated publication in the world, the number of copies printed and sold yearly reaching several millions. It is printed at Peking, and is a monopoly of the emperor, no other almanac being permitted to be sold in that country. Although containing reliable astronomical information, its chief mission is to give full and accurate information for selecting lucky places for performing all the acts, great and small, of everyday life.

THE millionaire colony on Fifth avenue is about to erect between Ninth and Ninety-second streets a series of mansions which will shade into insignificance those of any thoroughfare in the world. Andrew Carnegie's new home will cost \$1,000,000. In the next block the two Burden-Hammond houses, which Wm. Douglas Sloane is building for his daughters, will require an outlay of \$5,000,000. Mr. Gud will spend \$1,000,000 on a new house, and across the street from Mr. Carnegie Mr. Wm. K. Vanderbilt will erect a mansion at an expenditure of \$2,000,000.

THE czar has just had made for himself a petroleum tricycle of burnished steel, fitted with all latest improvements. The machine is wholly devoid of ornament, except in the form of a silver escutcheon attached to the left steering bar, on which are emblazoned the imperial arms. In speed it is said to be a record breaker. A little chariot of wickerwork is being constructed for the use of the czarina, who will thus be towed behind her august consort. It is understood that these two vehicles are to accompany the young sovereigns in the visits which they propose to pay to various European courts.

A WEEK'S RECORD

All the News of the Past Seven Days Condensed.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

News of the Industrial Field, Personal and Political Items, Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

DOMESTIC.

The widow of the late Senator Stanford, of San Francisco, has willed the bulk of her property, valued at \$10,000,000, to Stanford university.

The Colorado state board of agriculture has elected Rev. Barton O. Aylesworth to the presidency of the state agricultural college.

Kate Lee, aged 16, and Maud Anderson, aged 17, were drowned in Prairie lake near Tomahawk, Wis., by the capsizing of a boat.

The report of the Nicaraguan canal commission estimates the cost of the canal at \$118,113,790.

Three men and three women were drowned in the Maumee river at Toledo, O., by the upsetting of a boat.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 1st was: Wheat, 24,192,000 bushels; corn, 13,730,000 bushels; oats, 7,814,000 bushels; rye, 689,000 bushels; barley, 1,455,000 bushels.

A tornado left a desolate waste over a mile wide across Kenosha county, Wis.

A tin can containing \$29,000 in gold was found by workmen engaged in tearing down the meat shop belonging to the estate of Philip Multer in Portsmouth, O.

George Stalker, aged 23, shot his father and mother at Mayville, Mich., while drunk, and then killed himself. The parents may live.

John Lind, a coal dealer, and his four-months-old son were attacked by a vicious horse in Chicago and the child was killed and Mr. Lind fatally injured.

Reputation of any alliance with gold democrats, and opposition to any compromise of the financial plank of the democratic platform of 1896 were the dominant ideas in speeches at the sessions of the Ohio Valley Bimetallist league in Louisville, Ky.

Fire destroyed 14 buildings in Cambridge, Mass., causing a heavy loss.

A tornado did great damage at Lawndale, Ill., and vicinity.

A cyclone in Mills county, Ia., destroyed property valued at \$40,000, and at Minneola Tillie Roberburg, aged 14, was killed and eight other persons were injured, two fatally.

Farm buildings were swept away and stock was killed by a cyclone near Kingsley, Ia.

At the bimetallic convention in Louisville, Ky., resolutions were adopted favoring the Chicago platform of 1896 and the nomination of William J. Bryan in 1900.

The public debt statement issued on the 1st shows that the debt decreased \$3,495,857 during the month of May. The cash balance in the treasury was \$98,067,063. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$1,435,475,500.

Henry Lower, 70 years old, died in Cleveland from the effects of a cat bite received three months ago.

The monthly report of the director of the mint shows the total coinage at the United States mints during May, 1899, was \$7,804,566.

The severest shock of earthquake in 30 years was felt at San Francisco.

For the 11 months of the present fiscal year the government receipts were \$469,089,829, a gain over the corresponding period last year of over \$98,000,000. The disbursements amounted to \$573,709,972, against \$595,323,105 for the corresponding period last year.

The supreme court of Cuba was sworn in at Havana.

As a result of a family quarrel Charles Herzog, a teamster in St. Louis, aged 39, fatally shot his young wife and her mother, Mrs. Mary Sopp, and then killed himself.

The total circulation of national bank notes on May 31 last was \$242,064,554.

It has been decided to allow the company of Filipino actors detained at San Francisco to enter the United States for the purpose of giving exhibitions.

Marion Clark, the baby stolen from Arthur W. Clark, of New York, was found alive and well at a farmhouse near Sloatsburg, N. Y., and two of the abductors were arrested.

Alfred Wells, a farmer aged 40, living near Thornton, Ind., while insane killed three of his little boys.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 2d aggregated \$1,377,633,983, against \$1,853,403,593 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week in 1898 was 19.1.

There were 145 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 2d, against 142 the week previous and 222 in the corresponding period of 1898.

Congressman Albert J. Hopkins has withdrawn from the speakership contest, throwing the Illinois delegation to Col. David B. Henderson, of Iowa.

Six masked bandits held up a Union Pacific passenger train west of Wilcox, Wyo., blew up the express car with dynamite, severely wounded the engineer and escaped with their booty.

Vice President Hobart left Washington for Long Branch, N. J., where he expects to spend the summer and autumn.

San Francisco was shaken by a severe earthquake.

After 60 years the Thomas Paine monument in New Rochelle, N. Y., was dedicated.

The unveiling of a bust of the late Henry George took place in the rooms of the People's club in New York.

Marie Wainwright, the well-known actress, was married in San Francisco to Franklyn Roberts, an actor in her company.

Day Terbush, a wealthy farmer at Holly, Mich., was swindled out of \$5,000 by two bogus real estate men.

The cabinet at its meeting decided that Gen. Otis should be given the 30,000 men for which he asked, but that there was no present necessity for the enlistment of volunteers. The additional 5,000 or 6,000 troops to make up the 30,000 are to be taken from the regulars now serving in Porto Rico, Cuba and this country.

William McAlpin, a well-known capitalist, dropped dead at his residence in Cincinnati.

Twenty-five thousand dollars in gold were found missing from the treasure-room of the steamer Alameda, which arrived in San Francisco from Sydney.

Fire destroyed the Smith wagon shops in Pekin, Ill., the loss being \$100,000.

Evangelist W. C. Erwin, of Lincoln, Neb., was robbed of \$800 in a Chicago hotel.

The percentage of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 4th were: Brooklyn, .738; Boston, .675; St. Louis, .610; Chicago, .595; Philadelphia, .575; Baltimore, .561; Cincinnati, .538; Pittsburgh, .436; New York, .415; Louisville, .310; Washington, .310; Cleveland, .216.

During a parade in Jersey City, N. J., a crowd of Italians seized an American flag and trampled it under foot and two of them were shot.

Fire destroyed 28 buildings at Republic, Wash., causing a loss of \$250,000.

A consolidation of the Harper & Brothers and the S. S. McClure publishing houses was effected in New York.

Diplomatic relations with Spain, broken off April 21, 1898, were formally resumed when President McKinley cordially greeted Duke D'Arcos, the newly-accredited minister to the United States.

Rev. William Herbert Perry Faunce, D. D., pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, New York, has been elected president of Brown university at Providence, R. I.

In view of the continued publication of inflammatory editorials in the local press, Gov. Gen. Brooke appointed a press censor for Santiago.

The receipts of the patent office in May were \$116,386, against \$85,558 for the corresponding month of 1898. The number of applications for patents was 3,856, against 2,870 for May, 1898.

Ten thousand Christian scientists from all over the country met in Boston to attend the annual communion service.

The St. Charles theater, built in 1835, was destroyed by fire in New Orleans.

John Mays, a Choctaw Indian, was publicly flogged to death at San Bois, I. T., for cattle stealing.

After a quarrel with her husband Mrs. Johanna Schilling, 35 years of age, killed her two young daughters in New York and then took her own life.

W. C. Stiles, a well-known ship-timber manufacturer, committed suicide in Warren, O., because of poor health.

Lieut. Gov. McSwiney was inaugurated governor of South Carolina at Columbia to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Gov. Ellerbe.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Mrs. Mary McGuan, who celebrated her one hundred and first birthday February 2, died in Baraboo, Wis.

Ellisha Baxter, tenth governor of Arkansas, died at his home in Batesville at the age of 72 years.

Mrs. Mary Jane Douglas, 102 years old, and James Morgan, 70 years of age, were married in Galena, Kan.

William H. Ellerbe, governor of South Carolina, died at Sellers, aged 35 years.

The Ohio republicans in state convention in Columbus nominated for governor George K. Nash, of Columbus, and for lieutenant governor John A. Caldwell, of Cincinnati. The platform indorses the administrations of President McKinley and Gov. Bushnell, denounces trusts and lynchings, praises the magnificent achievements of our army and navy in the war with Spain and commends the president for the judicious modifications of the civil service rules.

Henry C. Grabenhorst died at his home near Webster City, Ia., aged 100 years and two months.

FOREIGN.

Massacre and pillage have followed the retirement of the United States army from villages in the Philippines captured during the present campaign. It was found impossible to leave garrisons at all the towns and withdrawal from many was necessary.

A fire at Yamagata, Japan, destroyed 600 houses and 11 shrines and temples and a number of lives were lost.

Replying to the inquiries of the secretary of war, Gen. Otis telegraphs that he is still of the opinion that 30,000 troops will be necessary for the effective control of the Philippines. Gen. Lawton has been given command of the defenses of the city and troops forming the line around Manila.

Fred Willis and his two children were drowned at Little Current, Ont., by the capsizing of a boat.

John Smart, the famous landscape painter, died in London, aged 61 years.

It is announced that the arbitration proposals presented by the United States delegates at the peace conference at The Hague meet with approval.

Paris went wild with enthusiasm on the return of Maj. Marchand, commandant of the Fashoda expedition.

The receipts from customs at Manila for the months of January, February and March, 1899, were \$944,766.

Lieut. Col. Paty du Clam, implicated in the forgeries that have figured in the Dreyfus affair, was arrested in Paris.

Maj. Esterhazy, who has been accused repeatedly of writing the Dreyfus bordereau, has admitted his guilt in London and gone to Paris.

In the speech from the throne at the opening of the Spanish cortes the queen regent announced that the Mariano, Caroline and Palacios islands were ceded to Germany by the late cabinet.

Casimir Baptiste, the Indian who murdered Philip Walker on April 15, was hanged at Kamloops, B. C.

After 24 hours of continuous fighting, in which occurred two desperate battles, the American forces were in a strong position to press the campaign against the insurgents in the southern end of Luzon island. So far the American loss has been four killed and 15 wounded. The Filipino loss is very heavy.

Emile Zola, whose defense of Dreyfus led to his exiling himself to escape punishment by the courts, has returned to Paris from England.

The court of cassation in Paris has annulled the verdict of the court-martial of 1894 and ordered a retrial of Dreyfus.

Gen. Rios, with the remainder of the Spanish troops, sailed from Manila for Spain.

Johann Strauss, the famous musical composer, died in Vienna, aged 74 years.

Thirty Indians, including men, women and children, were drowned in the Lake of Clouds near Alberta, N. W. T., by the upsetting of a boat.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

Sam T. Jack, a New York theatrical manager, willed his wife to his brother, James C. Jack.

The University of Colorado has conferred the degree of LL. D. upon Brig. Gen. Irving Hale, U. S. A.

Rear Admiral Walker has purchased for a country house the New Hampshire farm on which he was born.

James Gannon, a young man, was killed in a bicycle race at Waterville, O., by his wheel breaking down.

Graves of 13,000 union soldiers and of several hundred volunteers in the war with Spain were decorated in Chattanooga, Tenn.

The Columbus (O.) police have unearthed a school for crime at which boys are taught to steal and dispose of the stolen goods.

A bill passed by the Texas legislature provides for the teaching in the public schools of a course of humane treatment to animals.

A Pennsylvania company has the contract to build 12 steel bridges for the southeastern extension of the Russian Trans-Siberian railroad.

Edward Conner, catcher in a ball game between two local nines at Lawrence, Mass., was struck over the heart by a foul ball and killed.

There has been incorporated with the secretary of New York state "The Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War," with the principal offices in New York city. Gov. Roosevelt is one of the directors.

The Erie railroad has practically decided to build a direct line from Cleveland to Marion, O., to connect at the latter point with the Chicago & Erie, giving it an air line between Chicago and Cleveland and Cincinnati.

Leading Methodists plan to eliminate competition between the colleges of that church in Ohio by making the Ohio Wesleyan university at Delaware a university to which all other Methodist schools in the state shall be subordinate.

The statistics of the production of coal in the United States during 1898 have just been completed by Edward W. Parker, statistician of the United States geological survey. The compilation shows that the total production of all kinds of coal in 1898 reached the enormous figure of 219,835,993 tons, an increase of nearly ten per cent. over the output in 1897.

LATER.

Every man in Princeton, Ky., was fined on the 6th for contempt of court. A petition had been signed by all of them asking the grand jury not to indict the insurance companies, and no indictments were found. The commonwealth's attorney moved to proceed against the signers for contempt of court. After considerable argument the judge fined every man one cent and the decision was applauded by the defendants.

The regulations allowing the volunteers to purchase the arms and equipments which they carried during the Spanish war will be continued in the case of the volunteers returning from Manila. They may purchase the Springfield rifles at \$10 each and the revolver and equipments at the same price, while the other portions of the outfit are sold at cost.

The transport Meade, having on board the Nineteenth regular infantry, from Porto Rico, arrived at Jersey City on the 6th. The regiment will remain at Camp Meade until about June 15, then proceeding to San Francisco and from there to the Philippines for active duty.

Frank O. Prince, the well-known banker and former mayor of Boston, died at Boston on the 6th, aged 81 years.

The steamer Havana arrived at New York City on the 6th from Havana, making the fastest run on record between that port and New York. The time of passage from Moro castle to the Sandy Hook lightship was two days, 15 hours and 50 minutes. This great run cuts down the record by four hours and ten minutes.

The war department is preparing to send the 6,000 men needed by Gen. Otis to make up the 30,000 which he says he must have in order to control the situation in the Philippines. Regiments will probably be withdrawn from Cuba and Porto Rico sufficient, with other regulars to be taken from the United States, to make up the number desired.

Aggregate stock of wheat held in the United States, Canada and Australia on June 1, 1899, was 124,237,000 bushels, as against 102,515,000 bushels on June 1, 1898.

Two deaths from heat and many prostrations are reported as the effect of the terrific heat in Pittsburg on the 6th.

One death, a laborer named Bolan, due to the heat, was reported in Chicago on the 6th and there were many prostrations. The mercury touched 11.

NEWS OF OHIO.

Gathered by Telegraph From All Parts of the State.

Advertising Design for Ohio Centennial Exposition.



J. P. Forbes recently met with the Ohio centennial commissioners' committee at Columbus to award prize of \$250 for the best design for stationary advertisement of the Ohio centennial, to be held in Toledo in 1902. There were 95 designs submitted, says the Coshocton Democrat, many of them worthy of special mention. In the one selected, the central figure is that of a female, seated, with arms extended [see cut], a torch in each hand, the smoke from which meets overhead. Above the figure, which represents the state in its maturity, shedding a double light of industry and integrity, is the word "Centennial." Across the design in bold letters is the word "Ohio." Within the first letter is a log cabin, and the final one contains a representation of the state capitol. On either side of the figure is a column representing the "Pillars of the State" (manufacturing and agriculture) and pendent from the whole is a chain representing buckeyes. In the upper left hand corner appear the names Indiana and Illinois. The lower right hand corner contains the names of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota—these, with Ohio, composing the Northwest Territory. The successful competitor is S. F. Langford, of Rochester, N. Y.

Zeltner's Trial Begins.

Bowling Green, June 6.—Monday in the common pleas court, commenced the trial of Paul Zeltner, one of the Hoytville farmers who shot and killed Attorney Elias H. Westenhaver, of North Baltimore. Judge Schaufelberger, of Tiffin, is on the bench, as Judge Taylor, who has been holding court here, was formerly the law partner of the murdered man. The prisoner is defended by Hon. E. T. Dunn, of Findlay, and Dunn & Ramsey, of Toledo, while Prosecuting Attorney McClelland is assisted by Judge Troup.

A Jones Movement Inaugurated.

Cincinnati, June 6.—Herman Newmann and Andrew F. Otte have inaugurated a movement to get 30,000 signatures in Hamilton county to a call upon Mayor Jones, of Toledo, to become a candidate for governor. The board of city affairs will be asked for a permit to erect a stand on Fifth street, in which a secretary will be stationed to keep the books for signatures. From this stand speeches will be made in the evenings by local speakers. Jones will be asked to come to Cincinnati to speak.

A Church Burned.

Berea, June 6.—Incendiarists started a fire here early Monday morning, which destroyed the Methodist church. The building was erected in 1840. The members of the congregation were making arrangements to erect a handsome new structure, and this will be rushed as rapidly as possible.

Died from His Injuries.

Toledo, June 5.—George Bartlett, who was struck on the head by Thomas Coyle, a member of the Sixth Ohio regiment, on the night of May 6, after his return from Cuba, died Sunday at a hospital from his injuries. Coyle is under arrest and states the affair was an accident.

A New Oil Field Discovered.

Lisbon, June 6.—The Globe Oil Co., of Wellsville, drilling in Madison township, eight miles south of this city, entered the sand yesterday and the well is now flowing from six to ten barrels. The well has been shut down, and great secrecy is maintained.

Kayler Is Reappointed.

Columbus, June 6.—R. S. Kayler, of Alliance, was yesterday reappointed by Gov. Bushnell as commissioner of railroads and telegraphs, and Jacob Kahn, of Ashland, was appointed trustee of the institution for the deaf and dumb.

Two Men Killed by a Train.

Newark, O., June 5.—Harry Jones and Andrew Haines were killed yesterday by a Pan-Handle train. The train struck their buggy, dashing it to atoms. Mercer, the third occupant, escaped by jumping.

A Strike at Findlay.

Findlay, June 6.—A strike is on at the Findlay Crushed Stone Co.'s plant. The situation is growing serious and Sheriff Ewing has been asked for assistance, the management fearing acts of violence.

Suicided Because of Ill Health.

Warren, O., June 5.—W. C. Stiles, a well-known ship timber manufacturer, committed suicide Sunday. Ill health was the cause. He owned large mills in Ohio and Tennessee.

Father and Daughter Killed.

Alliance, June 6.—Isaac Reck, aged 74 years, one of the oldest residents of this city and for many years a police official, and his daughter, Mrs. Jane Cope, aged 53 years, were struck by an engine backing up to the railroad yards at Park avenue Monday and instantly killed. Their bodies were literally cut to pieces.

Found Dead.

Bluffton, June 6.—Andrew Bussinger, aged 35, was found dead, one mile west of town yesterday. It is supposed that he was killed by a west-bound excursion train.

"Pride Goeth Before a Fall."

Some proud people think they are strong, ridicule the idea of disease, neglect health, let the blood run down, and stomach, kidneys and liver become deranged. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will prevent the fall and save your pride.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

A FLAT DWELLER'S THEORY.

After Going Through an Ice-Making Plant He Was Onto His Steam Heater.

"Mister," said the man who had been going through the plant where they make artificial ice, "I'll never forget this visit. I'm much obliged to you. You have given me a hint that'll probably be worth hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills."

"You don't say so."

"Yes, sir. Now, let me understand it all clearly. Those pipes carry the gas which circulates all around the water and freezes it up so tight that any bouquets and things that happen to be floating around can't possibly get away until they're thawed out."

"That's the scheme, simply stated."

"Well, I'm glad to know about it."

"It's a very interesting process."

"It's more than interesting. It shows the way in which a man will go on thinking hard of his fellow man, when he's in a bit of a mistake. I'm glad to feel that I have been doing some one an injustice, and that I can go forth and candidly own up that I was bearing malice where it was not due."

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